College of Liberal Arts
Class of 1934

OFFICERS
President - HERBERT SPATHELF
Vice-President - DOROTHY IRWIN
Secretary - MARGARET MARY LOVE
Treasurer - BOYD STOCKMEYER

STUDENT COUNCIL REPRESENTATIVES
KENNETH BERRAW
HELEN CAINES
WILLIAM MACOMBER
CARLO TUZZOLINO

COMMITTEE CHAIRMEN
Senior Ball - KENNETH BERRAW
Swing-Out - DON MILLER
Skip Day - FRED PIGGINS
Senior Banquet - CARL NISS
Social - ROBERT THOMPSON
Cap and Gown - SHEERILL DEAN SMITH
Ring and Pin - EVELYN SCHWARZ
Photographs - WILLIAM VAN DEURS
Memorial - DOROTHY IRWIN

College of Education
Class of 1934

OFFICERS
President - ELIZABETH R. HILL
Vice-President - DORIS SHIMMAN
Secretary-Treasurer - SALLY KRATZER
Social Chairman - MARY-MARGARET JOHNSON

STUDENT COUNCIL REPRESENTATIVES
CATHERINE TREMPER
ELIZABETH R. HILL
ROSEANNE GLEASON

THE College of Education of the College of Education, through the guidance of its officers, was active in all college affairs of the past year.

The College of Education was well represented on the University Senior Class Committees. The members of these committees were: Carmen Wheeler, Swing-Out; Sherill Dean Smith, Chairman Cap and Gown; Kathryn Bush, Cap and Gown; Irene Foster, Senior Ball; Mary Daniel, Ring and Pin; Nedra Draper and Irene Foster, Skip Day; Carmen Delaney, Banquet; and Sally Kratke, Finance.

Doris Shimman, a member of the Senior Class, won the National A.A.U. 100-yard breast stroke title on April 12.

Jane Morse was Chairman of the committee that arranged the Pedagogues' Prom. The other members were: Mary-Margaret Johnson, Eleanor Devlin, and Elizabeth R. Hill.

Paul Lovchuck, and Henry Faigin won the University Inter-Class Debates.

Several prominent positions were held by members of this class, including: Carmen Delaney, President of Inter sorority Council; Mary Daniel, Co-chairman of A.W.S.- Union Dance; Catherine Tremper, Member of Board of Women's Building, Recording Secretary of Student Council; and Sherill D. Smith and Kathryn Bush, Co-chairmen of Tea for Senior Women.
College of Pharmacy
Class of 1934

OFFICERS
President - - - - - - - - - - - - JOHN L. SNELL
Vice-President - - - - - - - ANGELINE KUPCZYNISKI
Secretary - - - - - - - - - - - - RENAI MILLER
Treasurer - - - - - - - - - - - - BEN Z. FREEMAN
Student Council - - - - - - - - - ROBERT BOWYER

THIS year has been a memorable one for the members of the Senior Class of the Pharmacy College because of the untiring efforts of their officers. They were: John L. Snell, President; Angeline Kupczynski, Vice-President; Rena Miller, Secretary; and Ben Z. Freeman, Treasurer. Robert Bowyer was elected to represent the Class of '34 on the Pharmacy Council.

The Senior Class was represented on the Board of Publications by Ben Z. Freeman, Treasurer of the Class. Freeman was also in charge of the publicity for the Pharmic Ball, which was given in the North Gym, on Friday, April 13. Buddy Field's Orchestra rendered the music for the occasion, which was the outstanding social event of the season for the Pharmacy College.

College of Engineering
Class of 1934

OFFICERS
President - - - - - - - - - - - - RAY COOPER
Vice-President - - - - - - - - - - - - MARY VON ROSEN
Secretary - - - - - - - - - - - - CARL TURNQUIST
Treasurer - - - - - - - - - - - - ROBERT MACCLAREN

STUDENT COUNCIL REPRESENTATIVES
RAY COOPER
MARY VON ROSEN
CARL TURNQUIST

ALTHOUGH the Engineers of the Class of '34 were never organized as a unit before, they worked in complete accord with Ray Cooper, President; Mary von Rosen, Carl Turnquist, and Robert MacClaren, the other officers.

During the first semester the Senior Engineers decided to wear a uniform orange sweater, in order to strengthen class spirit.

Joseph Dorjath was Chairman of the Second Annual Engineers' Ball. This affair was instigated by members of the Class of '34.

Robert MacClaren was made Editor-in-chief of the Buzz-Saw, the Engineers' own newspaper.

The scholastic ability of the class is attested by the number of students garnering all A's during the first semester; Howard Hess, Ernest Kirkendall, and Mary von Rosen, being the scholars.
Fadely, Elton Elizabeth A.B.

Felter, Lawrence Marie B.S.

Franklin, Ellen L. B.S., M.H.

Gallagher, Margaret Mary A.B.

Gauthier, Lorraine Yvette A.B.

Golden, Carfield A.B.

Gompieres, Frank Thomas A.B.

Goldberg, Herman L. A.B.

Goldberg, Hymen A.B.

Gombein, Abe A.B.

Gonzales, Anna A.B.

Gordon, Abe A.B.

Gourley, Giselle Mildred A.B.

Goudy, Howard Hugh B.S. in M.E.

Goudy, Irene Ellis A.B.

Haggard, Howard Hugh B.S. in M.E.

Hall, Charles Edward B.S.

Hammes, Howard Martis B.S. in E.E.

Hart, Charles Edward B.S.

Hannula, Eleanor Yvette A.B.

Hargis, Robert A.B.

Harrison, Mary Ellen A.B.

Hasset, George H. B.S. in M.E.

Hens, Mary Ellen B.S. in E.E.

Hewitt, Cornelia Mustill B.S.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Major</th>
<th>Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Piggins, Frederic Ford</td>
<td>AB</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sphi nx, Vice Magistrate, Class Treasurer, Manager Fresh Football, Manager Varsity Basketball, Cas House Gang, Board of Publications, Griffin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polk, Samuel S.</td>
<td>AB; Mich. L. C.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Eta S, Phi Gamma, Delegate, Secretary, Chairman Freshman Football, Chairman Junior Class.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Przybysz, Anthony</td>
<td>BS in Pharmacy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Ransom, Katherine</td>
<td>AB</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Richter, William Julius</td>
<td>AB</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yanick, Sartor. Home Room Manager, Freshman Freshman Football, Manager Junior Class.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rosenfeld, Beatrice Dybil</td>
<td>AB</td>
<td></td>
<td>Math Soc, Alpha Chi, Juvenile Club.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rasch, Marion I.</td>
<td>AB</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Fless, Elaine Helena</td>
<td>AB</td>
<td></td>
<td>Home Ch., Vice President, Secretary, Chairman, Chairman, A.U.S. Club.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reed, Alita B.</td>
<td>AB</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Rinne, Gordon</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rose, Florence L.</td>
<td>B.S. in H.Ec.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Runyon, Janet</td>
<td>AB</td>
<td></td>
<td>Alpha Chi, W.A.A. Council, Chairman, A.U.S. Club.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schleffer, Frederick E.</td>
<td>B.S. in Ch.E.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Phi Alpha Pi, Fraternity, Basketball, Tennis, Baseball.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schneck, Irene S.</td>
<td>AB</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
College of Liberal Arts
Class of 1935

OFFICERS
President - HARRY BURKE
Vice-President - DAISY DONALD
Secretary - JEAN DUNCAN
Treasurer - NATHANIEL SHARE

STUDENT COUNCIL REPRESENTATIVES
WALTER PROBST
CHARLES S. HITCHCOCK
MILTON RABINOWITZ

THIS year has been one of great activity for the Class of '35, due to the leadership of the Class Officers.

Ed Proctor and Russ Armstrong played varsity golf; and William Emke and Read Peirce were swimming champs. The Women's Athletic Association elected as its President, Dolly Metz, a Junior.

Several members of the Junior Class received recognition in the field of forensics. Walter Probst took first place in the State Oratorical Contest, Milton Rabinowitz, David Goldman, and Probst were members of the Men's Debating Team.

Other prominent positions held by Juniors were: Charles S. Hitchcock, Manager of the Union; George Brennan, Editor of the Griffin, President of the Interfraternity Council; and Daisy Donald, President of the Junior Council, Chairman of the Varsity Varieties.

The most successful dance of the year was the J-Hop. It was given February 16, at the General Motors Ballroom, with Jess Hawkins and his Virginians rendering the music. The committee, headed by William Wilkinson, included Kenneth Woodrow, Ann McKay, Virginia Baker, Charles Arnold, William Emke, Richard Papelian, and Robert Jones.

College of Education
Class of 1935

OFFICERS
President - IRENE DUNCAN
Secretary - CONSTANCE MARCOTTE
Treasurer - DOROTHY SCHETZER
Social Chairman - LILLIAN WEISMAN
Student Council - IRENE DUNCAN

UNDER the guidance of an energetic group of officers, the junior class of the College of Education has completed another year of work, sport, and pleasure.

The officers were: Irene Duncan, President; Constance Marcotte, Secretary; Dorothy Schetzer, Treasurer; and Lillian Weisman, Social Chairman. Irene Duncan was also the Student Council Representative for the class.

The Juniors assisted in arranging two social affairs which were given primarily for the Class of '35: Junior Class Toboggan Party and Christmas Party. Lillian Weisman was in charge of invitations for the Christmas Party.

A breakfast, which took place at Belle Isle, was arranged by Lillian Weisman, social chairman of the class, and her committee.

Several members of the College of Education Class of '35 were on the many committees arranging the social affairs of the year. They were: Ann McKay, invitations for the J-Hop; Constance Marcotte, invitations for Pedagogues' Prom; Irene Duncan, tickets and programs for Pedagogues' Prom; Nona Maten, tickets and programs for A. W. S. Formal; and Irene Duncan, invitations for Frosh Frolic.
THE 1934 GRIFFIN

College of Pharmacy
Class of 1935

THE successful year of the Junior Class was due to the competent leadership of Laurence J. Malicki, President; Samuel W. Cohen, Secretary-Treasurer; and Regina Gieraltowski, Representative on the Pharmacy Council.

Walter Smalarz gained recognition in the field of sports by earning the position at center on the first intramural all-star basketball team. The Orchestra Committee for the Pharmic Ball, which was headed by Smalarz, engaged the services of Buddy Field.

The other members of the Junior Class represented on the Pharmic Ball Committee were: Richard V. Papelian, Chairman; Wanda Bonk, Invitations and Tickets; and Laurence J. Malicki, Decorations. This was the first major dance sponsored by the Pharmacy College.

Several third year Pharmics were active on University Committees. They were: Sidney Gelman, Activities; Richard V. Papelian, Athletics; and Laurence J. Malicki, Mackenzie Union.

OFFICERS

President - - - - - - - Laurence J. Malicki
Secretary-Treasurer - - - - - Samuel W. Cohen
Student Council - - - - Regina Gieraltowski

College of Engineering
Class of 1935

THE 1934 GRIFFIN

President - - - - - - - Merle Sullivan
Vice-President - - - - Theodore Hammen
Secretary - - - - - - - Earl Zeigler
Treasurer - - - - - - - Robert Baker

STUDENT COUNCIL REPRESENTATIVES

Merle Sullivan
Earl Zeigler

MERLE SULLIVAN, President of the Class of 35, with the aid of Theodore Hammen, Earl Zeigler, and Robert Baker, the other class officers, organized the Juniors for the first time with an eye to a strong unit as Senior Class. The President and the Secretary, Merle Sullivan and Earl Zeigler, represented the Junior Class on the Student Council of the College of Engineering.

Class spirit was intensified by the adoption of uniform jackets of black moleskin. Theodore Hammen was elected President of the Gliding Club, an active organization for the purpose of building and flying motorless planes.

The scholars of this class were James Tracht, Jack Morton, and Robert Carter. They were on the All-A list for the first semester.
College of Liberal Arts
Class of 1936

OFFICERS

President - - - - - - - - - - - APTON SAUER
Vice-President - - - - - - - - - - - - ADOLPH HAGWOOD
Secretary - - - - - - - - - - - - - FERDINAND FRAZIER
Treasurer - - - - - - - - - - - - - DOUGLAS ANDERSON

STUDENT COUNCIL REPRESENTATIVES

MARION SAPALA
LEE HASTINGS
APTON SAUER

The Sophomore Class was able to accomplish much during the past year, not only because of the cooperation of all its members, but because of the untiring efforts of its officers.

The Sophomore Cabinet, which is composed of women students, was very active this year. The President of the organization was Adelaide Thayer, and the Secretary-Treasurer was Frances Holiday.

The Class Games, which were held in October, were won by the second year men.

Several members of the class were active in forensic affairs. Joseph Kerzman was on the Varsity Debate Squad. Frances Holiday came out second in the semi-finals of the Michigan State Oratorical Contest.

The athletic teams also received support from the second year men. Afton Sauer held a position on the football team; and William McKnight and Tom Munson played varsity basketball.

The most important social event of the season for the Class of '36 was the Sophomore Prom, which took place the day before Thanksgiving. The Prom was given in the Grand Ballroom at the Book-Cadillac Hotel, with Ray Gorrell and his orchestra furnishing the music.

College of Pharmacy
Class of 1936

OFFICERS

President - - - - - - - - - - - RICHARD MAICKI
Secretary - - - - - - - - - - - - SAM FEINBERG
Student Council - - - - - - - - - - - ROBERT CAMPBELL

The Sophomores of the Pharmacy College were piloted through a year of work, sport, and pleasure under the guidance and leadership of their class officers. Richard Maicki, President; and Sam Feinberg, Secretary; were inspirations to their class. Robert Campbell was honored by the second year students in being elected to the position of Sophomore Representative on the Pharmacy Council.

The Pharmacy College was represented on the University Social Committee by Jennie Racycki. She was also in charge of invitations and tickets for the Pharmac Ball, which was held on Friday, April 13.

The Pharmacy Class of '36 also did its part in the field of sports. Sid Cohen, one of the members of the class, was on the basketball team.
College of Engineering
Class of 1936

OFFICERS

President: Jack Kline
Vice-President: Vincent Ayres
Secretary: Carl Grimstad
Treasurer: Philip Black

STUDENT COUNCIL REPRESENTATIVES

Jack Kline
Carl Grimstad

A GENUINE spirit of interest and enthusiasm has marked the attitude of the Sophomore Engineers at all times. This feeling, once intensified by the election of class officers and the inception of a definite college class, continued undiminished through the balance of the year.

Jackets of blue corduroy, with the characteristic orange insignia of the Engineers predominating, helped to unify the group and to bolster the spirit of the class as a whole.

Paul Lawrence and Jean Bailey made quite a splash in swimming circles. Lee Hastings distinguished himself by membership on both the Varsity Debate Squad and the University Student Council, and also by his post as Business Manager of the Griffin. Jack Kline was both a member and the Manager of the Debate Squad, and served on the University Council.

College of Liberal Arts
Class of 1937

President: William Sloman
Vice-President: Ruth Knight
Secretary: Dorothy Heideman
Treasurer: Robert Perkins
Student Council Representative: Harold Weiss

THE members of the Freshman Class may look upon the activities of the past year with much satisfaction due to the leadership of William Sloman, President, with the cooperation of Ruth Knight, Vice-President; Dorothy Heideman, Secretary; Robert Perkins, Treasurer; and Harold Weiss, Student Council Representative. The Freshman Commission, composed of twenty-one girls, also proved of great assistance. Arlene Allen was President of this organization.

Much enthusiasm was shown in the field of sports. The first year basketball players had a favorable season in that they won nineteen games and lost only four. Another successful group was the Freshman track team. The track men displayed their ability by winning the intramural meet.

The activities of the year culminated in the Frosh Flurry, which took place on April 20. The affair was a project of the Class of '37, and was arranged entirely by the Freshmen. John Mullen acted as General Chairman of the committee in charge of the dance. The other members were: Jim Richardson, ballrooms; Elaine Sloman, invitations; Ray Hammer, tickets; Phyllis Bookmiller and Eric Morris, publicity; and Louis Winterhoff, orchestra.
College of Pharmacy
Class of 1937

President - - - - - - - Perry Chappas
Vice-President - - - - - - - Norman McCabe
Secretary-Treasurer - - - - - - Louise Mieszcynski
Student Council - - - - - - - John Bielawski

THE Freshman Class of the Pharmacy College elected as its officers for the year: Perry Chappas, President; Norman McCabe, Vice-President; and Louise Mieszcynski, Secretary-Treasurer. John Bielawski represented the class on the Pharmacy Council.

The Freshmen sponsored a Pharmic Phrolic for all the students of the Pharmacy College. The affair was given on Friday, November 17, at the Miltrude Apartments. Perry Chappas, Chairman of the Phrolic, was assisted by Louise Mieszcynski, Vice-Chairman. This proved to be the outstanding social event of the year for the Frosh Pharmacy students.

The Class of '37 of the College of Pharmacy will be remembered, among other things, as one of the largest entering classes in the history of this college.

College of Engineering
Class of 1937

President - - - - - - - Kenneth Mudie
Vice-President - - - - - - - Hugh George
Secretary - - - - - - - - - Fred Olmstead
Treasurer - - - - - - - - - Earl Templeton

STUDENT COUNCIL REPRESENTATIVES
Kenneth Mudie
Fred Olmstead

THE Frosh Engineers were welded into a strong class-conscious group through the activities of Kenneth Mudie, President, and the other Class officers: Hugh George, Vice-President; Fred Olmstead, Secretary; and Earl Templeton, Treasurer. Mudie and Olmstead also represented the Class on the Engineering College Student Council.

A tobogganing party and weenie roast at River Rouge Park, during the first semester was well attended.

The Class also had charge of the school Christmas Tree, which was placed above the front door.

George Piper, high man in the psychological entrance examination, and Fred Olmstead, who was one of the twelve highest in the Frosh tests, upheld the scholastic ability of the Class.

It is hoped that the Engineering Class of '37 will continue its strong organization in the ensuing years.
Mackenzie Union

BOARD OF GOVERNORS

President - - - - Frank Angelo
Secretary - - - - David Goldman

Frank Angelo - - - - Liberal Arts College Representative
David Goldman - - - - Liberal Arts College Representative
Carlo Tonzolino - - - - Liberal Arts College Representative
Gerald Fitzgerald - - - - College of Education Representative
Elmo Liddle - - - - College of Engineering Representative
Lawrence Malick - - - - College of Pharmacy Representative

The Board of Governors of the Mackenzie Union is composed entirely of students, representatives of all the colleges. They have complete charge of the social program of the Union. All matters of policy as well as all questions of conduct or use of the building come under their jurisdiction.

Association of Women Students

OFFICERS

President - - - Margaret Mary Love
Vice-President - - - Dorothy Irwin
Secretary - - - - Jean Duncan
Treasurer - - - - Elizabeth Hill

SPONSOR

Ethel W. B. Craft, M.A.

CABINET

Margaret Mary Love
Jean Duncan
Irene Duncan
Elizabeth Hill
Dorothy Irwin

J. Duncan
E. Hill

MARGARET MARY LOVE
LUCY NOLAN
VALENE PRESTON
ADALINE THAYER
CAROL VAN SICKLE

One Hundred Thirty
Senior Board

**Officers**
- President: Dorothy Allen
- Secretary: Jeanne Brown
- Treasurer: Kay Busch

**Members**
- Dorothy Allen
- Jeane Brown
- Kay Busch
- Helen Clagoe
- Barbara Cole
- Mary Daniel
- Margaret Dawson
- Catherine McElaney
- Nora Draper
- Irene Foster
- Margaret Mary Gallagher
- Beth Hill
- Dorothy Irwin
- Helen Jones
- Margaret Mary Love
- Jane Elizabeth Moore
- Lucile Nolan
- Evelyn Schwartz
- Shebeil Smith
- Catherine Tremper

Junior Council

**Officers**
- President: Virginia Baker
- Secretary: Virginia Broders
- Treasurer: Winnie Good

**Members**
- Virginia Baker
- Virginia Broders
- Winnie Good
- Jean Davis
- Diane Donald
- Irene Draper
- Irene Duncan
- Jean Duncan
- Gertrude Fuchs
- Grace Mahan
- Margaret Mary Gallagher
- Beth Hill
- Dorothy Irwin
- Helen Jones
- Margaret Mary Love
- Jane Elizabeth Moore
- Lucile Nolan
- Evelyn Schwartz
- Shebeil Smith
- Catherine Tremper
- Virginia Baker
- Virginia Broders
- Winnie Good
- Jean Davis
- Diane Donald
- Irene Draper
- Irene Duncan
- Jean Duncan
- Gertrude Fuchs
- Grace Mahan
- Margaret Mary Gallagher
- Beth Hill
- Dorothy Irwin
- Helen Jones
- Margaret Mary Love
- Jane Elizabeth Moore
- Lucile Nolan
- Evelyn Schwartz
- Shebeil Smith
- Catherine Tremper
Sophomore Cabinet

OFFICERS
President - - - - - - - - - - Adelaide Thayer
Secretary-Treasurer - - - - - - - - - - Frances Holiday

MEMBERS
Eleanor Bierka
Jean Brasfield
Ruth Closson
June Dorothy
Katherine Hoffman
Doris Howe
Frances Holiday
Ruth Kemball
Esther Keng
Betty Kehlman

MARTHA WHITE

Freshman Commission

OFFICERS
President - - - - - - - - - - Arlone Allen
Vice-President - - - - - - - - - - Jane Mossor
Secretary - - - - - - - - - - Helen Stege
Treasurer - - - - - - - - - - Ruth Tackabury

MEMBERS
Arlone Allen
Phyllis Bookmiller
Ruth Brooks
Dorothy Brown
John Conklin
Catherine Eichlbarger
Dorothy Evans
Phyllis Fries
Virginia Frost
Alice Goodrich
Elizabeth Grant
Assie Hicks

Gwendolyn Hill
Eleanor Hillier
Virginia Kimes
Ruth Kimes
Phyllis Kull
Rosa McCurley
Mary Money
Jane Mossor
Margaret Rooney
Katherine Sayre
Helen Studer
Ruth Tackabury
College of Education Art Club

OFFICERS

1933

President - Edith Berger
Vice President - Elinore Stearn
Secretary - Gertrude Hennes
Treasurer - Harri Ute

1934

President - Evelyn Cohen
Vice President - Gertrude Hennes
Secretary - Hazel Ute
Treasurer - Gertrude Toncray

SPONSOR

Jane Beatsey Welling, M.A.

MEMBERS

Edouard Anthony
Esther Berds
Lily Bozczynski
Katharine Chaud
Virginia Choules
Erda Weusthoff

Evelyn Berde
Gertrude Hennes
Lilly Boszynski
Kathryn Bush
Katherine Cauley
Virginia Childers
Evelyn Cohen
Caroline Delany
Elaine Delane
Marianne Douglas
Esther Frenster

DELL GREENBERG
Dina Greenberg
Virginia Hannon
Gertrude Hennes
Elizabeth Hill
Josephine Kenges
Ben Kroll
Eugenia Mott
Sheila Middler
Dorothy Pulver
Virginia Raepe
Helen Reed

Philip Resnick
Kathleen Shrout
Mary Shwark
Blanche Smith
Shehull Smith
Evelyn Steen
Gertrude Toncray
Julia Trappner
Helen Tucker
Hazel Ute
Erda Weusthoff

Engineering Society

OFFICERS

President - Raymond Cooper
Vice-President - Elmo Lidell
Secretary - Albert Rixey
Treasurer - Joseph Durnell

SPONSORS

Arthur R. Carse, Ph.D.

MEMBERS

Tom H之前的
Reeve Hastings
Bennett Hink
Glen Howell
Raymond Hunt
Herman Johnson
Eugene Kammish
George Kim
Ronald Kinnard
Edward Kirby
Eugene Krellmann
Elmo Lashel
Robert MacAulay
Eugene MacCracken
Walter Mayer

Pledges

Eugene Booth
Herma Brown
Wilton Burroughs
Elmer Case
Alexander McCrady

Robert Moore
Eric Morris
Kendall Musser
Karl Nuss
Arthur Furst
Thomas Reifsnider
Barton Smith
Lilande Sargent
Miser Scolley
John Taylor
Charles Turners
Harry Van
Donald Voskuil

END OF LIST

One Hundred Thirty-six
Gamma Eta

OFFICERS
President - - - - - Elvera Dalquist
Vice-President - - - - - Grace Mahan
Secretary-Treasurer - - - - - Mangerite Mathur
Historian - - - - - Nona Maten
Social Chairman - - - - - Catherine Lamesfeld

SPONSOR
Alice Camerer, M.A.

MEMBERS
Elvera Dalquist
Gwendolyn Dennis
Margarite Gallagher
Rorey Gleason
Sally Kaeck
Josephine Shone

Gas House Gang

OFFICERS
King - - - - - William Glass
Premier - - - - - Carl Maier
Chief Escrow - - - - - Burton Smith
Treasurer - - - - - George Malesky
Royal Rambler - - - - - Carleton Phillips
Minister of Foreign Affairs - - - - - Fred Piggins
Chief of Vigilance - - - - - William Bray

SPONSORS
Bert Huesonn, Ph.D.
Donald McConnell, M.S.
William V. Sessions, Ph.D.

MEMBERS
Jack Deen
William Atkinson
George Barnes
Bernard Baker
Frederick Benningen
Jerome Bigger
William Braic
William Brocker
William James
Arthur Giannini
Ben Greenfield
Carl Hopman

PLEDGES
Ernest Deen
Robert Eberle
Home Economics Club

OFFICERS
President - 
Vice President - 
Recording Secretary - 
Corresponding Secretary - 
Treasurer - 

SPONSORS

EVA DONELSON, B.S.
OLIVE GOODRICH, A.B.
KATHRYN ALLEN
RACHEL BERMAN
BETTY BEWLEY
FLORENCE BLAKE
DORIS BOLAND
JEAN BRAIDWOOD
DOROTHEA BREWER
NELLIE BUNTING
BERTHA CIPTAK
WINIFRED COMPORT
MELISSA CROSS
JEAN CURRIE
SYLVIA DEFEVER
ELVIRA DICKIE
VALERIE DUNSTAN
JEAN DURGAN
LOUISE EMERSON
BETTY ENDICOTT
LILLIE ETKIN
JEAN FOWLER
ELLEN FRANKILA
NELLIE BUNTING
HELEN SMITH
ERDINE MAHAFFY
RUTH MORGAN

MEMBERS
PEVELLE GODDARD
CAROLINE GREENBAUM
MARGA ZUHSE
MARGARET HEALEY
JANE HALL
JAN HANCOK
CATHERINE HARTMAN
DOROTHY HEARST
ELIZABETH HELLE
MARIA HOLLIDAY
ESTHER KASL
MADELYN KAMPI
KATHERINE KEMP
PETA LTA KU
VIRGINIA JONES
JENNIE LASKER
AVI LEVINE
HEBBY MARKS
BETTY MARYSKY
MARY McGOWAN

PLEDGES
ENSIE HOUSTON
IRENE VAN BOND

ZELLA WILLIAMS
ANNELLE HUTTON
GRACE SHERIDAN
MURIEL SMOTHERS

CLARA CHAMPION, M.A.
EFFIE M. DOWNER, M.A.

MEMBERS
LAURA GODIAN
HEDWIG HAYES
MARJORIE HAYES
ANNE HERSHEY
HERMAN SHEHER
MURIEL SMOTHERS

CLARA CHAMPION, M.A.

THE 1934 GRIFFIN

Home Room Club

OFFICERS
President - 
Vice-President - 
Social Secretary - 
Secretary-Treasurer - 

SPONSORS

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MARJORIE HAYES
ANNE HERSHEY
HERMAN SHEHER
MURIEL SMOTHERS

CLARA CHAMPION, M.A.

THE 1934 GRIFFIN
Kindergarten Club

OFFICERS
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Vice-President - - - ANNA FAIGIN
Secretary-Treasurer - - - LOUISE SACKETT

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HELEN BERG
ETHEL BERGER
MARY BLAIR
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EDITH BERGER
MAE BLAIR
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FLORA CAMERON
JEAN CAMPBELL
SALLY COWLEY
GRETA DENNIS
NEDRA DRAPER
ANN FAIGIN
MARGARET MARY GALLAGHER
LARRI NE GAUTHIER
MARGARET GITRE
MARION GITS CHLAG

One Hundred Forty-two

THE 1934 GRIFFIN

Literati

OFFICERS
President - - - MARY DANIEL
Vice-President - - - AGNES MATTHEW
Secretary - - - ELAINE PLUES
Treasurer - - - IRENE FOLBERT
Social Chairman - - - BARBARA COLE

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IRENE FOLBERT
FRANCES GRAY
ELIZABETH HARRINGTON
MARGARET JONASO
AGNES MATTHEW
ELAINE PLUES
AGNES PLUES
CAROLINE JESPER
KARLIEK THOMAS
LEILAH WEINHAN

One Hundred Forty-three
Men's Health Education Club

OFFICERS
President - EDWARD SPENCER
Vice President - DANIEL DOBBINS
Secretary - MARION SAPALA

SPONSORS
JOSEPH GEMBIS, B.S.

MEMBERS

President
Vice President
Secretary

OFFICERS
President - EDWARD SPENCER
Vice President - DANIEL DOBBINS
Secretary - MARION SAPALA

SPONSORS
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MEMBERS

President
Vice President
Secretary

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Vice President - DANIEL DOBBINS
Secretary - MARION SAPALA

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Vice President
Secretary

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President - EDWARD SPENCER
Vice President - DANIEL DOBBINS
Secretary - MARION SAPALA

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Vice President
Secretary

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Vice President - DANIEL DOBBINS
Secretary - MARION SAPALA

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JOSEPH GEMBIS, B.S.

MEMBERS

President
Vice President
Secretary
Rho Chi

**OFFICERS**
- President: Marie Cauley
- Vice President: Margaret Dunford
- Secretary: Betty Finney
- Treasurer: Lorraine Hirschfield
- Social Chair: Effie M. Dowler

**SPONSOR**
Esther M. Downer, M.A.

**MEMBERS**
- Marie Cauley
- Margaret Dunford
- Betty Finney
- Rose Gerhardson
- Elizabeth Gordon
- Alice Ingersoll
- Lucille Kricher
- Corinne Lamphier
- Ellen McDannell
- Helen McCready
- Rugga Mho firepower
- Alice Pettit
- Elsie Pettis
- Margaret Ruppel
- Bonnie Russell
- Gayle Russell
- Marie Simmons
- Jane Thompson
- Pauline Walker
- Jane White
- Doris Westlake

Women's Health Education Club

**OFFICERS**
- President: Winifred Herpel
- Vice President: Edith Levitt
- Secretary: Frances Hart
- Treasurer: Mary Ellen Smith

**SPONSOR**
Ruth L. Murray, B.S.

**MEMBERS**
- Sylvia Achenbaum
- Maurice Barnes
- Margaret Biddle
- Mildred Blane
- Louise Blank
- Frances Braddock
- Betty Caffrey
- Mollie Correll
- Mary Cowsky
- Bonnie Harris
- Frances Hart
- Patricia Sacks
- Jeanne Schneidt
- Gracie Mccluskey
- Marion Mcleod
- Helen Massey
- Sylvia Meyers
- Mae Peterson
- Edie Roody
- Patricia Schneck
- Jane Shepherd
- Doris Shelhorn
- Ruth Smith
- Mary Ellen Smith
- Josephine Snavley
- Dorothy Stehr
- Virginia Weis
- Jeanne Wolfe
- Elizabeth Wolter

One Hundred Forty-six
The Y.W.C.A. at Wayne University is a branch of the larger international organization of the same name and has the same purposes as the larger organization. During the past year they have helped sponsor two lecture series, one called "After College—What?" and the other dealing with the problems of marriage. Among other projects have been an Intercollegiate Russian Tour, a traditional Halloween party, a Christmas Vesper service and the annual Spring Formal which was held at Dearborn Inn.
**Alpha Tau Beta**

**Honorary Journalistic Fraternity**

**OFFICERS**
- President: Frank Angelo
- Vice-President: Stanley A. Burns
- Secretary: George Brennan
- Treasurer: William Mouser

**FACULTY**
- John Wilcox, Ph.D.

**MEMBERS**
- Frank Angelo
- William Mouser
- Harry Orkent
- Anthony Tarini
- Julian Tobias

Alpha Tau Beta is the honorary journalistic fraternity at Wayne University. Since its reorganization at the beginning of the school year, the group has been carrying on extensive activities in the interest of publications and journalism education here. The organization has expressed itself officially as being whole-heartedly behind the movement towards establishing a journalism unit as part of the Wayne University curriculum and has bent all its efforts toward that end.

---

**Friars**

**MEN** students in the College of Liberal Arts whose participation in extra-curricular activities and whose evidenced loyalty to the University during their first three years of residence here are worthy of recognition are elected to the Friars, the Junior Honor Society.

It has been the tradition in the past to elect seven Friars annually. These Juniors meet occasionally with the Senior Friars and promote extra-curricular activities.

This season only five Friars were elected. They are: William Macomber, William Mouser, Herbert Spathelf, Julian Tobias, and Joseph Wetherby. Herbert Spathelf was elected Prior.
The Karyatides

The Karyatides, which was established in 1925, the same year in which the institution of the Mackenzie Honor Society took place, is primarily an honor society which affords a means of somewhat officially recognizing and acknowledging the women in each senior class who have contributed much to the development of the University's activities and other phases of its social, scholastic, and aesthetic features.

Those who have been chosen for this honorary group are:

1925 Florence Wilson
1926 Elizabeth McPhail
1927 Mary Lingo
1928 Mildred Mcdonald
1929 Helen Aumann
1930 Helen Baldwin
1931 Lillian Hirschman
1932 Elizabeth Murphy
1933 Alice Baldwin

1930 Guddled Philbrick
1931 Helen Mackey
1932 Kathleen Roemer
1933 Ruth Donald

Mackenzie Honor Society

The Mackenzie Honor Society was founded six years ago to honor those Seniors who have made outstanding contributions to the progress of the University through their loyalty and interest in non-academic activities. Election to this society is the highest honor a Senior can attain here.

Members are chosen annually towards the middle of the second semester by a committee consisting of the members named from the preceding Senior class, faculty members appointed by the Dean, the president of the Society, and one other member selected by the President.

Mackenzie Honor Society Members

1925 Newman Estell
1926 A. Cameron Cunningham
1927 Kenneth Doherty
1928 James Shepard
1929 Everett Pansebcr

1926 Donald Leonard
1927 Leigh Pears
1928 William Young
1929 Malcolm Norman

1927 Russell Lightbody
1929 Edward Piggins
1930 H. Alpine Freitag
1931 Elmer Polishvski

1928 Raymond Pilbrey
1929 Albert Zuber
1930 H. Alpine Freitag
1931 Edward Spence

1929 Mildred McDaniel
1930 A. Cameron Cunningham
1930 Frank Angelo

1930 Dorothy Philbrick
1931 Donald Leonard
1931 Donald Leonard

1930 Helen Baldwin
1931 Donald Leonard
1931 Donald Leonard

1931 Helen Baldwin
1932 A. Cameron Cunningham
1932 A. Cameron Cunningham

1932 Dorothy Philbrick
1932 A. Cameron Cunningham
1932 A. Cameron Cunningham

1932 Dorothy Philbrick
1933 Elmer Polishvski
1933 Elmer Polishvski

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1934 Elmer Polishvski

1934 Dorothy Philbrick
1934 Elmer Polishvski
1934 Elmer Polishvski

One Hundred Fifty-four

One Hundred Fifty-five
Pi Sigma Alpha
National Honorary Political Science Fraternity
Sigma Chapter

OFFICERS
- President - - - Albert D. Matheson

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
James H. Russell, M.A.
Byran Rust, LL.B., M.A.
Jay J. Sherman, Ph.D.
Charles W. Shull, Ph.D.

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
Jennie Datch
Ruth Donald
Reginald Humphries
Paul Lovchuck

Albert Matheson
Georgia Mills
Allen Reams
Jeanette Secker

One Hundred Fifty-six
Intersorority Council

OFFICERS
President - Carmen Delaney
Secretary-Treasurer - Margaret Mary Gallagher

FACULTY ADVISERS
Ethel W. B. Chase, M.A. Ethelyn E. Gesner, M.A.

REPRESENTATIVES
Alpha Sigma Tau - Carmen Delaney, Sallie Kratzke
Alpha Theta Sigma - Anna Smith
Delta Gamma Chi - Carol Van Sickel
Pi Kappa Sigma - Margaret Mary Gallagher, Ruth Tryon
Sigma Theta Delta - Bebee Parish, Betty Ross
Sigma Sigma - Margaret Applegate, Jean Duncan
Zeta Chi - Evelyn Scudder, Monica White

Alpha Sigma Tau
National Education Sorority
Theta Chapter

1933
SALLY KRAETKE - President
NOREEN COOPER - Vice President
Betty Marsh - Recording Secretary
Virginia Childers - Corresponding Secretary
Lenore Filer - Treasurer

1934
SALLY KRAETKE
NOREEN COOPER
Betty Marsh
Virginia Childers
Lenore Filer

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
Gertrude Williams, Ph.D.

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
Carmen Delaney, Eleanore Devlin
Maude Dunwoody
Lenore Filer
Virginia Childers
Betty Marsh

PLEDGES

Members:

Sally Kratzke, Helen Marsh, John Conklin, Lylee Lazey
Alpha Theta Sigma
Local Sorority

OFFICERS
President - Carol Van Sickle
Vice President - Valerie Piepont
Corresponding Secretary - Mary Ruth Baker
Recording Secretary - Eleanor Schwembak
Treasurer - Marvel Winkler

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
Thelma Jamieson, M.A.
Kathrin Wescover

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
Mary Ruth Baker
Helen Begg
Doris Boland
Mayna Cross
Charlotte Haales
Jean Harlock

PLEDGES
Mary Jane Flaherty
Louise Kowalczyk
Doris Petrinos
Kathryn Stack

Delta Gamma Chi
Local Sorority

1933
Carol G. Maas - President
Winifred G. Smith - Vice-President
Ruth E. McKiernan - Recording Secretary
Elenor Schwembak - Treasurer

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
M. Therese Peters, M.A.
Elsie W. Townsend, M.A.

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
Thelma Buelow
Thelema Ciaigne
Winifred G. Smith
Ruth E. McKiernan

PLEDGES
Shirley Breither
Audrey Rigg

One Hundred Sixty-one
Pi Kappa Sigma
National Sorority

1933
Ethel Wilson - President - Virginia Baker
Evelyn Falk - Vice-President - Dorothy Allen
Margaret Mary Gallagher - Recording Secretary - Greta Dennis
Louise Veuglers - Corresponding Secretary - Lucille Veuglers
Louise Scofield - Treasurer - Marion Lakin

1934
President - Virginia Baker
Vice-President - Dorothy Allen
Recording Secretary - Greta Dennis
Corresponding Secretary - Lucille Veuglers
Treasurer - Marion Lakin

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
Clara Champion, M.A.

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
Dorothy Allen
Virginia Baker
Louise Blanchard
Elizabeth Bailey
Gerda Dennis
Vienna Dennis
Evelyn Falk
Margaret Mary Gallagher
Mary Veuglers
Mary Johnston
Evelyn Schofield

PLEDGES
Mary Johnston
Elizabeth Barber

Sigma Sigma
Local Sorority

1934
President - Virginia Baker
Vice President - Dorothy Allen
Recording Secretary - Emily Gullen
Corresponding Secretary - Virginia Burns
Treasurer - Mabel Grace Lawrence

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
Blanche Goodsell, M.A.

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
Margaret Applegate
Florence Bemmel
Aileen Bouchou
Virginia Brooks
Virginia Burns
Kathleen Brown
Ruth Cartwright
Jean Duncan
Eleanor Gullen

PLEDGES
Mary Johnston
Elizabeth Barber
Zeta Chi
Local Sorority

1933
EVELYN SCHWARZ - President
BETTY REULE - Vice President
JEANE BROWN - Recording Secretary
NONA MATEN - Corresponding Secretary
MARJORIE DAWSON - Treasurer

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
LOUISE W. CONKLIN, M.A.

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
KATHERINE HOFFMAN
PANCY BOLAND
JEANNIE HOWE
RUTH KESSELL
EDITH MERRILL
CHUNG SHEEN
NONA MATEN
JANE MORE
LOUISE NOLAN
BETTY PROCTOR

PLEDGES

1934
EVELYN SCHWARZ
MONICA WHITE
JEANE BROWN
NONA MATEN
MARJORIE DAWSON

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
LOUISE W. CONKLIN, M.A.

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
HELEN REED
JEANNIE HOWE
BETTY REULE
JANE MORE
JEANNIE KESSELL
ERMA SOWERS
ALICE SMITH
MARTHA WALKERS
MARTHA WHITE
MONICA WHITE

PLEDGES

Fraternities
## Interfraternity Council

**OFFICERS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>President</td>
<td>George Brennan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vice President</td>
<td>Frank Taugner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recording Secretary</td>
<td>Joseph Wetherby</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treasurer</td>
<td>Robert S. Jones</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**REPRESENTATIVES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fraternity</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alpha Delta Psi</td>
<td>Jerome Bieber</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arab</td>
<td>Jack Neun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Omega Gamma</td>
<td>Roy M. Ossman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phi Alpha</td>
<td>Robert S. Jones</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shaks</td>
<td>Robert C. Smith</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sphinx</td>
<td>Frank Taugner</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


## Arab

**Local Fraternity**

**OFFICERS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>President</td>
<td>Jack Neun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vice President</td>
<td>Howard Price</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recording Secretary</td>
<td>Robert Dupontree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corresponding Secretary</td>
<td>Kenneth Berkaw</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treasurer</td>
<td>Carleton Phillips</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interfraternity Council Representative</td>
<td>Robert Thompson</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MEMBERS IN FACULTY**

- Harley L. Gibb, M.A.
- Winfred A. Harbison, Ph.D.
- Bert Hudgens, Ph.D.
- Glen E. Thomas, M.A.

**MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY**

- Russell Armstrong
- Walter Bacon
- Russell Beale
- Kenneth Berkaw
- Rollie Johnson
- Robert Mitchell

**PLEDGES**

- Ralph Porter
- Gilbert Belford
- Arthur Soerensen

---

![Interfraternity Council](image1.png)

![Arab Local Fraternity](image2.png)
Chega  
Local Fraternity

OFFICERS
President - HAROLD PELL
Vice-President - THEODORE BROOKS
Secretary - JOHN BARRUB
Treasurer - WILLIAM ASMUS
Gavelor - RUSSELL PIHURSKI

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
EDWARD VAN HORN, M.A.

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
WILLIAM ASMUS  
JOHN BASHUR  
TED BROOKS  
KARL BROMEL  
CHARLES DASHER  
FRANK GESQUIERE  
FRED APPLEGATE  
ROBERT ANDREAU  
PROCEAJLO  
GORE  
CHAPPAS  
AS  
ILLIS

PLEDGES
FRANK ASPEAGATE  
ROBERT JOHNSON

Epsilon Sigma  
Local Fraternity

OFFICERS
President - JOSEPH DORJATH
Vice President - THEODORE HAMMEN
Secretary - ERNEST KIRKENDALL
Treasurer - KARL NESS

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
ARTHUR R. CARR, M.S.E., Ph.D.  
ERNEST B. DRAKE, M.S., C.H. E.
WILLIAM A. SARGENT

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
ALBERT BERRY  
DONALD BOUCHER  
GEORGE CONNASH  
JOSEPH DOUGLASS  
KENNETH DUNN  
ARTHUR ELMER  
THEODORE HAMMEN

PLEDGES
C. L. BIRDIS  
ROBERT PIKE

One Hundred Sixty-eight
**Gamma Phi Delta**
Local Fraternity

**OFFICERS**
- Robert P. Webster
- Robert Bohan
- Kenneth Campbell
- David Kerby
- Roy M. Connor
- Frank Angelo

**MEMBERS IN FACULTY**
- President: Preston H. Scott, Ph.D.
- Secretary: Frank Angelo
- Treasurer: Richard Belote
- House Chairman: William A. Black
- Social Chairman: Michael Anderson

**MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY**
- Douglas G. Anderson
- Frederick Bokey
- Jack McDowell
- Robert Webster

**PLEDGES**
- Robert Bohan
- Lee Hastings
- Benning Black
- Donald McDowell

---

**Kappa Alpha Psi**
National Fraternity

**OFFICERS**
- Polemarch: Delbert Lee
- Keeper of Records: H. Sterling Wilhite
- Keeper of Exchequer: Henry Walker
- Straights: Reid Motley

**MEMBER IN FACULTY**
- Joseph P. Selvey, M.A.

**MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY**
- Sidney Bothwell
- J. Lawrence Duncan
- Benjamin Blase

**PLEDGES**
- R. Jefferson
- A. Jefferson
- H. Johnson
- J. Johnson
- J. Johnson

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One Hundred Seventy-One
Kappa Chi

Local Fraternity

OFFICERS
President - HAROLD MEAGHER
Vice-President - JOSEPH WETHERBY
Secretary - STANLEY BRIGHT
Treasurer - WALTER SHIP
Sergeant-at-Arms - CARL BLAND

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
HOWARD DONNELLY, A.B., LL.B. FRANK L. KEMMER, A.B.
ALFRED L. NELSON, PH.D.

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
LAWRENCE BAKER
CARL BLAND
HAROLD MEAGHER
SARAH BRIGHT
FREDERICK MUSISON
EDWARD EVANS
JOHN BONTIKAN
RAY GUETTSON
EDWARD BASSINGER
WALTER SHIP
BENJAMIN GAVELKUL
WILLIAM NIEMETTA

PLEDGES
GEORGE ADAMS
HOWARD BROWN
THOMAS EVANS
GEORGE ADAMS
RALEIGH HICKS
RALPH HICKS
LYNN KERREY
THEOBEAL RILEY

Shahs

Local Fraternity

OFFICERS
Caliph - ROBERT S. JONES
Grand Vizier - WILLIAM NIEMETTA
Vizier - VINCENT AYRES
Pasha - READ PEIRCE

MEMBERS IN FACULTY
HARRY H. HILKEN, M.A.
ROBERT S. JONES
HENRY G. HILKEN, M.A.
VINCENT AYRES
HAROLD E. STEWART, M.A.

MEMBERS IN UNIVERSITY
VINCENT AYRES
HAROLD BROWN
THOMAS EVANS
RICHARD KLEES
ROBERT S. JONES
KENNETH LEWIS

PLEDGES
DELOS BASSINGER
JOSEPH MATE
LEWIS WINGERTER

One Hundred Seventy-two
A serious obstacle to education is the ever-increasing mass of the university. The more we subdivide the better. But the more spontaneous the cleavage—the more characteristic the constituent groups, the more cohesive each, and the more manageable. In our fraternities we have even now a germ of marvelous academic potentiality. Our fraternities are American in origin and in spirit.

—Charles Mills Gayley.
A Year of the New Deal in Review

Franklin Delano Roosevelt faced 100,000 tense citizens March 4, 1933, in a chill Washington wind. It was inauguration day, his fingers touched the Bible, he was President. Banks were closed. People cried. The gold standard was shaken. Roosevelt stood still.

"The only thing we have to fear is fear itself." The New President promptly convened Congress; he showered messages around its ears asked for the most drastic peace in history.

A year of action had started.

"Only a foolish optimist can deny the dark realities of the moment...."

Major messages in March:

MARCH 9 - Control of banks...."a continuation of the strangulation of banking facilities is unthinkable."

MARCH 10 - Economy in government...."it is too late for a blindly approach to this problem."

MARCH 11 ... Beer...."I'll act on this time to be of the highest importance.

MARCH 16 - Farm relief...."an unprecedented condition calls for the trial of new means to restore agriculture."

MARCH 23 - Unemployment relief through direct grants to states and through public works.

MARCH 29 - Supervision of securities sales...."Let the after burn."

"Congress balked slightly, but voted him an almost free hand."

The people took it calmly when the gold standard was abandoned. When beer came the W. C. T. U., warned, "your women will riot." The first case sent to Roosevelt was given to newspaper men.

He urged repeal. Michigan voted first. Repeal was proclaimed.

APRIL 3 Message .... Relief to farmers willing.

"We have a long way to go, but we are on the way."

He learned Legendaries in their Chicago den, said they should not be preferred over other citizens... laid a warrant on Anson J. Cermak's grave.

Legislation piled on farms accounts, cashiers were bound, retailers caved. Then gold... the RFC started buying almost free hand.

"Others threatened loss of savings.

"He gave them work. Cancelled-Commercial air mail contracts.

"We knocked our heads against the threshold of the House."

APRIL 29 - Relief to small-business owners.

MAY 17 - "I recommend two further steps in our national campaign to put people back to work." That was the NRA with its $5,000,000,000 public loan program.

"We cannot bulldoze ourselves back to prosperity."

"Hornets march on, humming over their lot, looting, killing, destroying. They asked for money; he gave them work."

He started with Mackinac of England to arrive at a "clear understanding," and to fix the nation he said, "the way to disarm is to disarm." They applauded, continued talking and smiling.

Conservatives breathed dictatorship.... Roosevelt forecast his idea... "repeal speed was urged... churchmen attacked him... he received his first 25-gunt salute."

"I have no expectation of making a hit every time I come to bat."

JULY 12 ...A milestone...."textile code No. I was effective. He continued against overproduction, warned of the fall chump."

Then came a running vacation on a bat.

AUGUST.... Coal strikes, inflation climax, war in Cuba, a race election, was ordered by the President to "quit working so hard or be fired." He didn't...

"SEPTEMBER.... The coal code was signed, 4,000 pieces of mail arrived daily. baseters pledged support, NRA paradors had seen feet."

The President did a little salt-water sailing.

OCTOBER.... "We have a long way to go, but we are on the way."

"the Administration's own members have not hesitated to speak of what has been going on in America as a "revolution."

"They have missed no opportunity to condemn the social and economic order which reached its pinnacle in 1929 and to denounce the complacency and the sentiment of the New Dealers."

"Certainly, in his first year, Mr. Roosevelt has done everything... in his power to shake American business, to make them lose from its old-time moorings, and to rid it of the burdens collected on the long, sitting through the nets of unbridled capitalism."

Looking Back

By Jay B. Venable

It is difficult to realize all that has happened to the American nation in the 12 months just passed until one turns back in an attempt to write a review of it. The mere course of legislative enactments, Executive decrees, plans and conjurings with prospective plans is staggering in volume and variety.

Certainly no other American President ever did half so many things in a single year, and it is doubtful if one of them did as many things in all his or eight years in office.

George Washington, it is true, had a job of settling up the whole Government initially, but the Federal Government of that day was puny and touched the individual almost not at all, compared with all the all-seeing, all-reaching, and swiftly effective organization that reaches over the Nation from Washington today.

Woodrow Wilson's foot term used to be cited as a record of remarkable accomplishment, but the washing out in practical effect of most of the democratic safeguards and devices that Mr. Wilson conceived—for such for example as the Federal Reserve system and the antitrust laws—has provided a mere fraction of the Roosevelt performances.

EVENTS CONTROL HIM

As the year draws to a close, however, there are increasing signs of skill, even within the Adminstration's own circle, that the Nation cannot go on indefinitely maintaining by way of retrenchment shrills which so far have been touched off whenever the sought-for economic recovery has lagged. From the beginning, in fact, Presi-
dent Roosevelt has seemed to realize that he must, as soon as practicable, get the country back but a mere definitely charted course, but, each time he has enjoyed the same new turn of economic events, at home or abroad, he cannot but be deeply disappointed, he must have a long way to go, before he can get to the land of the free.

OLD ORDER CHANGING

Take for example his frank assertion that there is to be no more free use of money in America; that Congress has gated the gold standard, and sanction legislation authorizing currency inflation. Again, when a sheaf drop in commodity, and security prices occurred in May, he produced the voluntary Blue Eagle, now almost an fly-spedet and forgotten in Washington as it postcard reply which still hang in grocery, restaurant and hardware window, throughout the land.

A third impending stamp in early November brought forth the CWA, Greenback, which, he was against, and is now, most expensive device being sought to replace it. Letterly even, the Presi-
dent's best friends have been wont to inquire how many more expedients of this sort he may have in reserve, and how many more of them the Nation can stand.

"The Administration's own members have not hesitated to speak of what has been going on in America as a "revolution."

"They have missed no opportunity to condemn the social and economic order which reached its pinnacle in 1929 and to denounce the complacency and the sentiment of the New Dealers."

Certainly, in his first year, Mr. Roosevelt has done everything... in his power to shake American business, to make them lose from its old-time moorings, and to rid it of the burdens collected on the long, sitting through the nets of unbridled capitalism.
walls as an inducement for admission of American surpluses into admittedly undersupplied market sectors. That, as it appears, is the supreme issue confronting the Administration as it enters upon its second year. The most remarkable feature, perhaps, of the "new deal," as so far developed, is the degree to which it is founded on the personality of one man. Franklin D. Roosevelt's political abilities were so unassailable before he came into office as Herbert Hoover's were over-admired. From the very first, the new President caught the imagination of the American people and of the world by his smiling courage and the bold directions of his attack upon the problems which he faced. Much has been said of Mr. Roosevelt's authoritative control over Congress, but he has had in fact no more means of such control than any one of his predecessors in the White House. Congress in no sense has abrogated its authority that in the past was sufficient to bam-boozle almost all of the Presidents. Only Theodore Roosevelt and Woodrow Wilson, of the more recent executives, were able on occasion to ride roughshod over the legislature. President Roosevelt has relied upon the use of several novel devices. First of all, he has insisted on Congress doing one thing at a time. He has focused popular attention on his administration as it progressed between two courses, either to pursue the partially established "nationalism" to a point that would approximate the Fancer or Socialism of European schools, or to lead the world in a return to the "internationalism" which was the motive power of world progress before 1914.

TARIFF SUPREME ISSUE

Either the United States must beak itself up and go about the business of compulsory redistribution of wealth in dead earnest, or it must take down its tariff and prices as well. Farmers leaped at the proposal to reduce acreage in return for Government bounties, only to discover later that the Government has the power to compel crop reductions with or without bounty and that this is a power it is planning to use if necessary to check the ever-growing surplus. "Which way now?" Henry A. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, asked as the year neared its end. He pictured the Administration as treading between two courses, either to pursue the partially established "nationalism" to a point that would approximate the Fancer or Socialism of European schools, or to lead the world in a return to the "internationalism" which was the motive power of world progress before 1914.

One Hundred Eighty-eight

THE 1934 GRIFFIN

calls the redo of the United States Treasury. By reviving the gold dollar, so as to put a paper profit of more than $3,000,000,000 in the United States Treasury, he revaled golds so as to put a paper profit of more than $3,000,000,000 in the United States Treasury. From the very first, he has been singularly frank and open in all of his governmental processes—and plays no favorites. The President again and again has disregarded the Congressional and journalistic opposition by frank admission of his own mistakes, and the shortcomings of his administration before they were discernible to outsiders. Thus he led investigation by the Department of Justice of charges of graft in the CWA and the War Department before there was a word of criticism in Congress.

Even more significant, he admitted the weakness of the CWA as a permanent policy, before his opponents had dared to criticize it aloud. Congressmen, steeped in the idea that no politician would dare to take a Government responsibility from his constituency, once it had been established, gasped when the President proposed to wind up the CWA as they did when he moved so drastically to reduce veterans' compensation and the salaries of Federal employees as one of his first acts in office.

It was said that no Government head could turn back from a course of currency inflation once it was started, and that the very existence of the extraordinary inflationary powers, granted him by Congress, would force him to use them. That Mr. Roosevelt did not turn his inflationary steed, when he re-established the paid standard a few weeks ago, and he did this with surprising ease.

TACTFUL IN FENDING

He has shown a remarkable facility also in dealing with the differences that have arisen within his Administration circle. For example, he used Prof. Raymond Moley out of the State Department without losing his support and friendship. He similarly got rid of Secretary of the Treasury William H. Woodin, who had proved a decided misfit, with no visible hard feelings.

A large number of Treasury officials have been shifted since Henry Morgenthau, Jr., took over direction of the department. But among these only Prof. O. M. W. Sprague publicly proclaimed his disagreement with the President. Sprague's former connection with the Bank of England made his criticisms helpful to the President, rather than injurious, in the popular estimation, and it is suggested that Mr. Roosevelt may even have
proposed the professor deliberately to the point of hot retire.

The President stepped out to sway Demo­
crat National Committeemen who were play­
ing on their connection with the Admin­
istration to personal gain before their ac­
tivities had been branded by the Republican.

From the beginning he clearly proceeded on the assumption that what the country needed and desired was swift action.

It is doubtful if the American people in all of their history have had a sharper awakening than on the morning of Saturday, March 5, when this second Roose­
velt rode down Pennsylvania avenue to take the oath of office.

For more than a year banks had been pop­
ing at frequent intervals, each with its accompaniment of business failures. Begin­
ing with the closing of all banks in Michi­
gan by proclamation of Gov. Comstock on Feb. 13, the general closing had spread from State to State until, on the night of March 5, an announcement by the New York clear­
ing House that no banks in the metropo­
lis would open March 6, signaled the closing of every bank in the country.

Now was the complete collapse of the bank­
system the only evidence of disaster. More than 15,000,000 employed persons were job­less; a vast number of citizens were un­
employed because they had no money to pay rent or interest on mortgages; prices of farm com­modities had fallen to the lowest level in his­
tory; wages of those industrial workers still employed were daily sinking lower; relief funds of States and cities, and of all private agencies virtually were exhausted. Cold, and hunger stalked the land.

STROH'S HARD, SWIFT

Most discouraging of all to thoughtful cit­
izens perhaps was the apparent impotence of the national Government to deal with those conditions. All winter long President Hoover and a "lame duck" Congress had wrangled, with no result, except to defeat the rather timid relief proposals which the President suggested.

Specifically every attempt by Hoover to reduce the top-heavy bureaucracy and its crushing burden of expense had been defeated by the combination of Federal employees, vet­
eers, and other special groups that were living off the Federal Treasury. The Govern­
ment was increasing its debt at the rate of $50,000,000 a week.

To a nation listening with bated breath, be­
lieving that this new President offered the only hope of escape from complete and final dis­
aster, Mr. Roosevelt spoke his brief inaugural. He declared in broad lines the plight of the country and its need for relief and he stated frankly that he would ask dictatorial powers at the first sign of delay by Congress in deal­
ing with the situation. He outlined the finan­
cial leaders of the country as "the money changers," who have "fed from their high seats in the temple of our civilization."

Within an hour after this address was com­
pleted, the Cabinet, most of whom unknown to the country, was installed and a few hours later came the President's first moments official act, declaring an official bank mora­
tory, to protect against further withdraw­
al of deposits, and stopping all exports of gold. At the same time, Congress was sum­
moned to meet in special session on March 9 and when it did so assembled it passed the President's emergency banking act in a single day.

The essential features of this bill were a stubborn limitation of domestic gold circula­
tion and a virtually complete control by the Treasury over all Federal Reserve member banks. It provided that banks of proven solvency might be re-opened without re­
striction and set up a system of "conservers" to reorganize banks which were sus­
ceptible of reorganization on a limited basis.

The RFC was authorized to purchase pre­
ered stock in Federal Reserve member banks, and the regional Federal Reserve banks were given increased power of cur­
rency issue. Subsequently the provisions for assistance by the RFC and the Federal Re­
serve were extended to banks operating ex­
clusively under state authority.

Since the bank holiday, the Treasury has re-opened 5,200 out of 5,600 National banks, with deposits aggregating $17,000,000,000, and approved the reorganization plans of 800

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THE 1934 GRIFFIN

TRADITIONS SMASHED

Very much more startling to the country than these bold measures was Mr. Roosevelt's second proposal to Congress—the so-called "economy bill," calling for cuts of nearly $500,000,000 in veterans' compensation and $50,000,000 in pay of Federal employees.

Here were the two elements of voters which traditionally had wielded greatest political power. Through 15 years no single session of Congress had failed to vote an increase in compensation for one or the other, or both of them. President Hoover had fought in vain to obtain minor reductions and, as result of the agitation created by his efforts, a huge majority of Congressmen had come into office in the election of 1928 pledged against any such reductions.

And here was Mr. Roosevelt, in almost his first official act, not only challenging these elements simultaneously, but proposing reductions far beyond anything that had been previously even so much as suggested.

It is doubtful if anything in the early stage of this Administration did so much to inspire confidence, at home and abroad, as the speedy victory which Mr. Roosevelt won on this economy issue.

The third legislative measure of Roosevelt was the legalization of 3.2 beer, which also was adopted by both houses in record time. Although it is doubtful if they were so intended, the first effect of the Roosevelt pol-

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no one of the inflationary devices with which he has been involved.

More important, perhaps, the adoption of the Thomas bill satisfied the inflationists in Congress. It served, in effect, to give the President a nine months breathing spell in which to deal with the crucial currency situation both at home and abroad.

Throughout the summer and fall, Mr. Roosevelt continued to talk in an inflationary tone. His supreme act in this respect was his rejection of the proposal of the London Economic Conference to stabilize currency, with the startling announcement that the United States wanted a dollar "which does not vary greatly in terms of commodities" and which a generation hence will have the same purchasing and debt-paying power as when first established."

GOLD STATUS PUZZLES

This announcement seemed to indicate the President’s adherence to George P. Warren's proposal of a commodity dollar. Though the late summer and fall brought no impressions increased rather than diminished. Paul Spangler, James Warren, Dean Acheson and others of the more conservative Treasury officials, saw after the other resigned because they could not go along with the Administration's financial program.

Not until Congress once more was on the job and threatening new inflationary measures did Mr. Roosevelt appear act. In January, he transmitted his special message asking legislation to authorize the devaluation of the gold dollar at least 30 per cent and not exceeding 50 per cent. The inflationists gladly wrote this bill into law but they have been wondering ever since just what they have accomplished in the way of concrete inflation.

Currency experts say the United States today is back on a gold standard only slightly less stable than that which prevailed before last April. The principal change is that the weight of gold in the dollar has been substantially decreased. The experts point out that American currency today has more paper-lacking currency than ever before in history and that the amount of money in circulation has not been increased.

In much the same way, Mr. Roosevelt made popular demand, as expressed by the majority in Congress, the basis for drafting his other measures to deal with business depression. The early weeks of the Congressional session saw the rise of a strong movement in favor of legislation to limit hours of work and to curb "sweat-shop" practices. The Black 35-hour bill passed the Senate, 57 to 30, on April 6, and the similar Connery bill was reported favorably by the House Committee on Labor two days after.

Endorsement of the Black-Conway proposal to provide also for minimum wage standards was proposed by Frances Perkins, Secretary of Labor, and a new bill, largely following the Perkins suggestions, but with a virtual embargo on foreign products not produced under equally favorable labor conditions, was reported to the House on May 10.

EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM

It was in the light of these pending Congressional measures, which almost certainly would have passed had he remained silent, that Mr. Roosevelt projected his own "unemployment relief" program on May 12. In a special message, he asked, first, for a PLANNED appropriation to finance Federal, State and local public works projects.

Secondly, he asked that "the Congress provide the machinery necessary for a great cooperative movement throughout all industry in order to obtain wide re-employment, to shorten the working week, to pay a decent wage for the shorter work week and the present unfair competition and disastrous over-production." Government action was necessary, the President said, to prevent "cut-throat undercutting by selfish competitors." Opposing outside repeal of the antitrust laws, he said the public interest nevertheless would be served if under Government authority and guidance, "private industries are permitted to make agreements and codes insuring fair
competition," subject to check by the "in- 
dispensable safeguard of a rigorous licensing 
power in order to meet rare cases of non-co-op- 
eration and abuse."
Thus were born the PWA and the NRA. The 
bill embodying them passed the House, 535 to 
75, on May 26, and the Senate, 55 to 24, on June 
9. The only substantial 
limitations of the licensing 
power under the NRA 
to one year, authorizing 
control over the oil in- 
dustry, and giving the 
President power to im- 
pose embargoes on foreign imports if these 
were found to be necessary.
The agricultural adjustment act, which 
paralleled the NRA as a means of industrial 
control, was even more a comprehension of 
Congressional opinion. The President 
launched the subject of agricultural relief on March 
16 in a message asking generally for a mea- 
sure designed "to increase" the purchasing 
power of our farmers and the consumption 
of articles manufactured in our industrial 
communities; and at the same time greatly 
reduce the pressure of farm mortgages and to 
increase the asset value of farm lands made 
by banking institutions.
The President described the farm bill as a 
"new and needed path."
FARM AID DRAFTED
The bill presented to Congress was drafted 
by a conference of 20 leaders and, like the 
currency bill, it embodied just about every- 
things Valley; the CCC program of putting 
men to work in forest camps, and the ap- 
propriation of $800,000,000 for direct unem- 
ployment relief.
Other important acts of this Congress were 
the insurance of bank deposits, up to $2,500, 
Jan. 1; Federal control of securities issues, 
and submission of a prohibition repeal con- 
stitutional amendment, which since has been 
initiated by three-fourths of the states in rec- 
ognized time.
While legislation predominated in this first 
four months of the Administration, it by no 
means accounted for all of the activity in 
Washington. President Roosevelt almost daily 
was making headlines in other directions. Dur- 
ing April, for example, he secured the 
series of visits by foreign statesmen, begin- 
ing with Premier Ramsey MacDonald of Great Britain and Edward Herriot of France 
and ultimately including representatives of 
most of the leading nations.
When these conferences were initiated, Mr. 
Roosevelt no doubt had high hopes of the 
success of the ecumenical conference which was 
scheduled to convene in June. He was think- 
ing in terms of removing tariff barriers, 
setting war debts and stabilizing currencies. 
He summoned the foreign ambassadors for 
the purpose of discussing these things.
Just about the time Mr. MacDonald, the 
first of the visitors, arrived in Washington, 
however, came the domestic crisis which focu- 
sed the United States off the gold standard, 
and by this development the whole course of 
the Administration was changed. By the tim- 
e Congress adjourned virtually all of Mr. Roo- 
sevelt's international economic aspirations had 
been thrown out of the window to make way 
for the Nationalistic development which was 
to hold sway for the remainder of the year 
1934.
HIGHLIGHTS MANY
Other highlights of the first few months 
of the Administration were the second session 
of Congress on Washington, May 4, and the in-
vestigation of big business by the Banking 
and Currency Committee of the Senate, un- 
der the leadership of Ferdinand Pecora, which 
reached its climax late in May with the ap- 
pearance of J. Pierpoint Morgan and a midget, 
who sat upon the august Morgan lap.
Mr. Roosevelt's handling of the bonus 
marchers offered another illustration of his 
political capacity. He received them figura- 
tively with open arms. He provided them 
with food and shelter, receiving their suppo-
sentation at the White House, and ended by
absorbing them in the Civilian Con-
servation Corps or supplying them with rail-
road tickets back home. An attempt to re-
vive the bonus as a Congressional issue was
overwhelmingly beaten in the Senate.

The President similarly slid over the crisis
on the war debt issue, which occurred on
June 15. He accepted token payments, made
in silver, by Great Britain, and a few other
of the nations, thus technically keeping these
debts alive. Another group of countries,
headed by France, did not pay at all.

The controlling factor throughout the
summer was the rapid improvement in busi-
ness. Whatever may have been the basic
causes, the country was coming back at a
great rate. In June, wheat crossed the dollar
mark, approximately double the price it sold
for in February, and prices of cotton and
other commodi-
ties were advancing apace.

President Roosevelt, at the first peak of his
popularity, concentrated on organization of
the huge industrial machine which Congress
had placed in his hands. He named Gen.
Hugh S. Johnson to head the NRA and
George N. Peek the AAA. Harold L. Ickes,
Secretary of the Interior, was handed the
job of reorganizing the oil indu-

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The Blue Eagle was created as an emblem of re-organization, which only those who complied with the President's request would be permitted to display. A popular boycott of those employers who failed to go along with the plan was openly talked of by Gen. Johnson and his aids. Compliance boards were set up in every community and the public was invited to "crack down" on the non-comformists and cheaters.

The Blue Eagle undeniably did provide a decided stimulation in employment, despite the fact that it was only partially lived up to, and it produced industrial disturbances in many instances which nullified its benefits. Its greatest single effect perhaps, was to hasten the enactment of specific codes for all of the larger industries. By Jan. 1, it was abolished by General Johnson, 20 per cent of all manufacturing and commercial enterprises in the country were included under specific codes.

Coming as it did simultaneously with the dump in farm prices, the Blue Eagle proved particularly unpopular in rural communities. Its effect, it was claimed, was to very greatly increase prices of the things the farmers had to buy, with no commensurate increase in their income.

By October this criticism had become so pronounced that the Blue Eagle was lifted from all cities of 2,500 population or less, and from that time forward the attempt was made to enforce it on small employers in the more populous communities with disheartening results. When the original agreements expired January 1, no formal renewal was demanded, although employers were asked to continue the conditions imposed on their right to display the Blue Eagle if they refused to do so.

Recovery Bogged

Despite a tremendous activity by the NRA, the AAA, and the PWA, and an outstanding literally of fences from the RFC to relief of business enterprises and banks, depression, by November 1, recovery stalls. And hung down. Four million heads of families, it was calculated, still were unemployed, and, with cold weather just ahead, relief by state and local agencies and private charities was practically exhausted.

It was at this point that Mr. Roosevelt's policy of permanent unemployment and its solution ultimately may be on the lines of Senator Robert F. Wagner's bill, proposing to set up a system of unemployment insurance, paid for in large part by a blanket tax on all industry. The Blue Eagle was created as an emblem of re-organization, which only those who complied with the President's request would be permitted to display. A popular boycott of those employers who failed to go along with the plan was openly talked of by Gen. Johnson and his aids. Compliance boards were set up in every community and the public was invited to "crack down" on the non-comformists and cheaters.

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On the side of agriculture, the works of the Administration have not been an unmixed success. More than $200,000,000, collected in processing taxes from the consumers of pecan peels and potatoes back in bounty to the growers of wheat, cotton, corn and other commodities, has not been sufficient to balance the inequality between farm prices and the prices of those things the farmer is compelled to buy. Relief of farm mortgages so far has been so small as to be largely abortive.

The huge surplus of farm commodities, in excess of the domestic market for them, still remains one of the most crucial national problems.

With all of his other manifold activities, Mr. Roosevelt found time to work out the long-standing difference with Russia. Diplomatic relations between the United States and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics were re-established Nov. 16. Since then an $11,000,000 Government corporation has been set up to promote trade between the two nations.

Repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment was finally accomplished on Dec. 5, and this, with the previous authorization of 3.2 beer, is calculated to add at least $900,000,000 to the Federal revenue in the coming year.

Mr. Roosevelt began the present session of Congress with the startling announcement that the National debt may be expected to reach the staggering total of $32,000,000,000 in 1935 and that $10,000,000,000 must be borrowed in the remainder of the present fiscal year to meet extraordinary expenses and bond maturities. Since then, however, an influx of $10,000,000,000 has been provided by the gold devaluation process.

During January, the President presented his currency revaluation program and secured its enactment. He asked that home loan bonds be given the backing of the full faith and credit of the Government and urged ratification of the St. Lawrence Waterway treaty.

Since the first of February he has transmitted messages to Congress, stock market control, Government regulation of telegraphs. He has placed a ban on political canvassing and canceled the air mail contracts, proposed a program of long-range planning of river and harbor developments and decreed a new deal for the Virgin Islands.

The sum total of events during the year unmistakably has represented improvement in business conditions. Unemployment has decreased by some millions, farm prices are approximately 50 per cent higher than a year ago. Deterioration of the banking system has been checked and, with the commencement of a system of deposit insurance January 1, confidence in the banks has been restored. Money in the past two months has been coming out of hoarding at a great rate.

All of these things tend to ease the official, as well as the private mind.

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